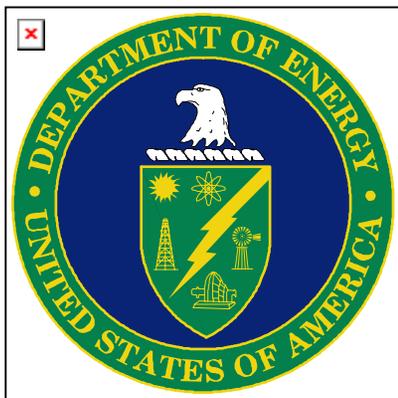


DOE Overview Nanoscale Science Research Centers (NSRCs) Program- and Nanoscience/Nanotechnology Activities



Kristin A. Bennett, Ph.D.
Nanoscale Science Research Centers
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
Basic Energy Sciences
Program Manager

Center for Integrated Nanotechnologies
Users Workshop
June 5-6, 2003 Albuquerque, NM

Topics



- ***DOE Mission & Nanoscience/
Nanotechnology Activities***
- ***Overview of Nanoscale Science
Research Centers (NSRCs) Program***
- ***Research Applications***

DOE Mission/Nanoscience



■ Energy security

■ Fossil energy

- *Materials that perform well under the extreme conditions of temperature and pressure in energy production, e.g. materials that will increase efficiency of coal-fired power plants*
- *Nanostructured catalysts for cheaper, cleaner, more environmentally friendly petroleum refining and product manufacturing*

■ Energy efficiency

- *Strong, tough, ductile, lightweight, and low-failure-rate materials for improved fuel efficiency in ground and air transportation*
- *Low-loss, high-performance magnets for more efficient motors*
- *Self-assembling nanostructures for near-net-shape materials forming to reduce waste*
- *Surface tailoring for reduced friction and improved wear to reduce fuel consumption*
- *Hardened alloys and ceramics for cutting tools for improved manufacturing efficiency*
- *Nanofluids with increased thermal efficiency for improved heat exchangers*
- *Layered structures for highly efficient, low-power light sources*
- *Smart materials such as paints that change color with temperature and windows that respond to thermal inputs*
- *Nanostructured catalysts for fuel cells and batteries*

■ Renewable energy

- *Light harvesting and energy storage systems for solar energy conversion*
- *Nanostructured materials for hydrogen storage*

■ Nuclear energy

- *Radiation tolerant materials for nuclear power plants*
- *Nanostructures that selectively bind and concentrate radionucleotides, thereby lowering waste disposal costs*

DOE Mission/Nanoscience



■ National security

- Because of NNSA's strong interest in nanoscale S&T, DP and BES established the "Nanoscience Network" to jointly fund research at NNSA and SC laboratories. Three topics were selected for support based on joint peer review for scientific quality and relevance: nanoscale tribology and micromechanics; tailored nanostructures; and nanostructural photonics.
- One of three BES Nanoscale Science Research Centers is the Center for Integrated Nanotechnologies, which is jointly administered by LANL and SNL.

■ Cleanup

- Nanostructured molecular sieves and filters for improved separations for cleanup and decontamination
- Nanostructured materials for selective sequestration of specific contaminants



DOE Mission/Nanoscience

- **Homeland defense**
 - **BES Workshop on Basic Research Needs to Counter Terrorism (2/28-3/1/02)** focused on chemical, biological, nuclear, and radiological threats identified research needs.
 - **A recurring theme was better detection. Research needed to improve sensors for detection is at the nanoscale, including “single” molecule detection of explosives and chemical agents, specific virus or other biological agent detection, laboratories on a chip, and more portable and sensitive radiological detectors.**
 - **Other nanoscale areas of research included catalysts for decontamination, membranes for separations and protective gear, and nanostructured materials as absorbers and reactive filters.**

National Nanotechnology Initiative



Department of Energy's Role in NNI

| | 2003 | 2004 | Difference from 2003 to 2004 | Percent Difference from 2003 to 2004 |
|-------------------------------|------------|------------|---------------------------------|---|
| National Science Foundation | 221 | 247 | 26 | 11.8% |
| Defense | 243 | 222 | -20 | -8.3% |
| Energy | 133 | 197 | 64 | 48.1% |
| National Institutes of Health | 65 | 70 | 5 | 7.7% |
| Commerce | 69 | 62 | -7 | -10.1% |
| NASA | 33 | 31 | -2 | -6.1% |
| Agriculture | 1 | 10 | 9 | 900.0% |
| EPA | 6 | 5 | -1 | -16.7% |
| Homeland Security | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0.0% |
| Justice | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0.0% |
| TOTAL | 774 | 847 | 74 | 9.5% |

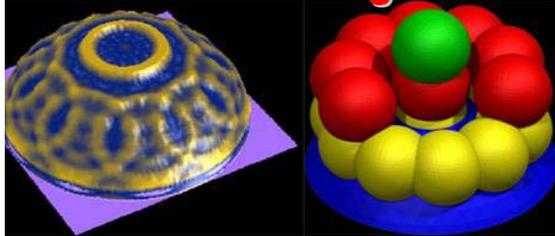
Seeing atoms:

Providing national user facilities for probing materials at the atomic scale



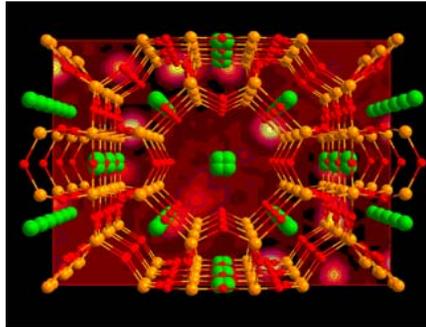
X-ray, neutron, and electron scattering techniques have opened the world of the ultra-small. The next challenge is to open the world of the ultra-fast at this same spatial resolution.

X-ray scattering



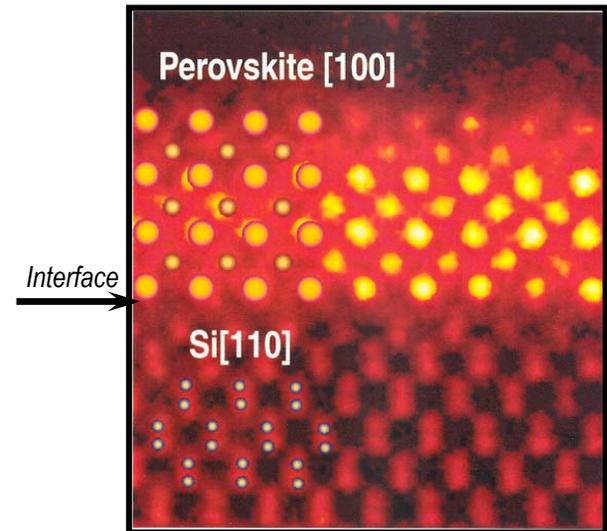
AlNiCo quasicrystal structure

Neutron scattering

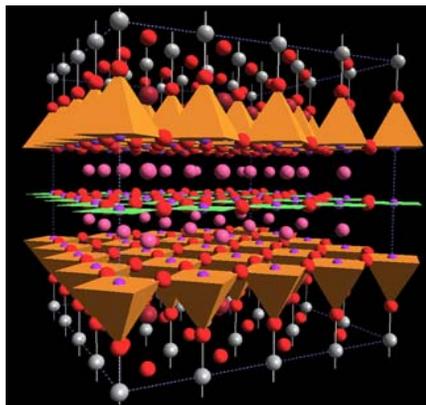


Zeolite catalyst

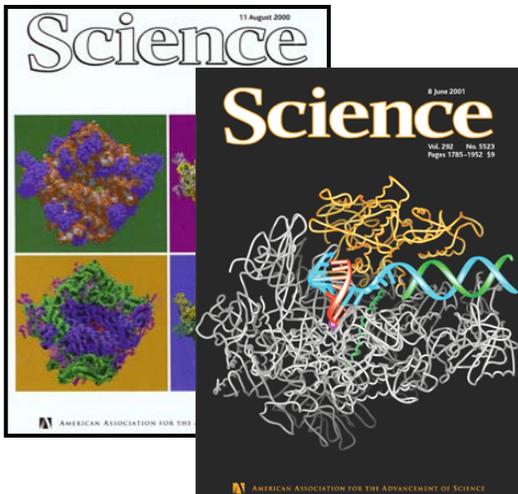
Electron Scattering



Transmission electron microscope image showing an abrupt interface and low defect density for the ferroelectric SrTiO₃ on Si.

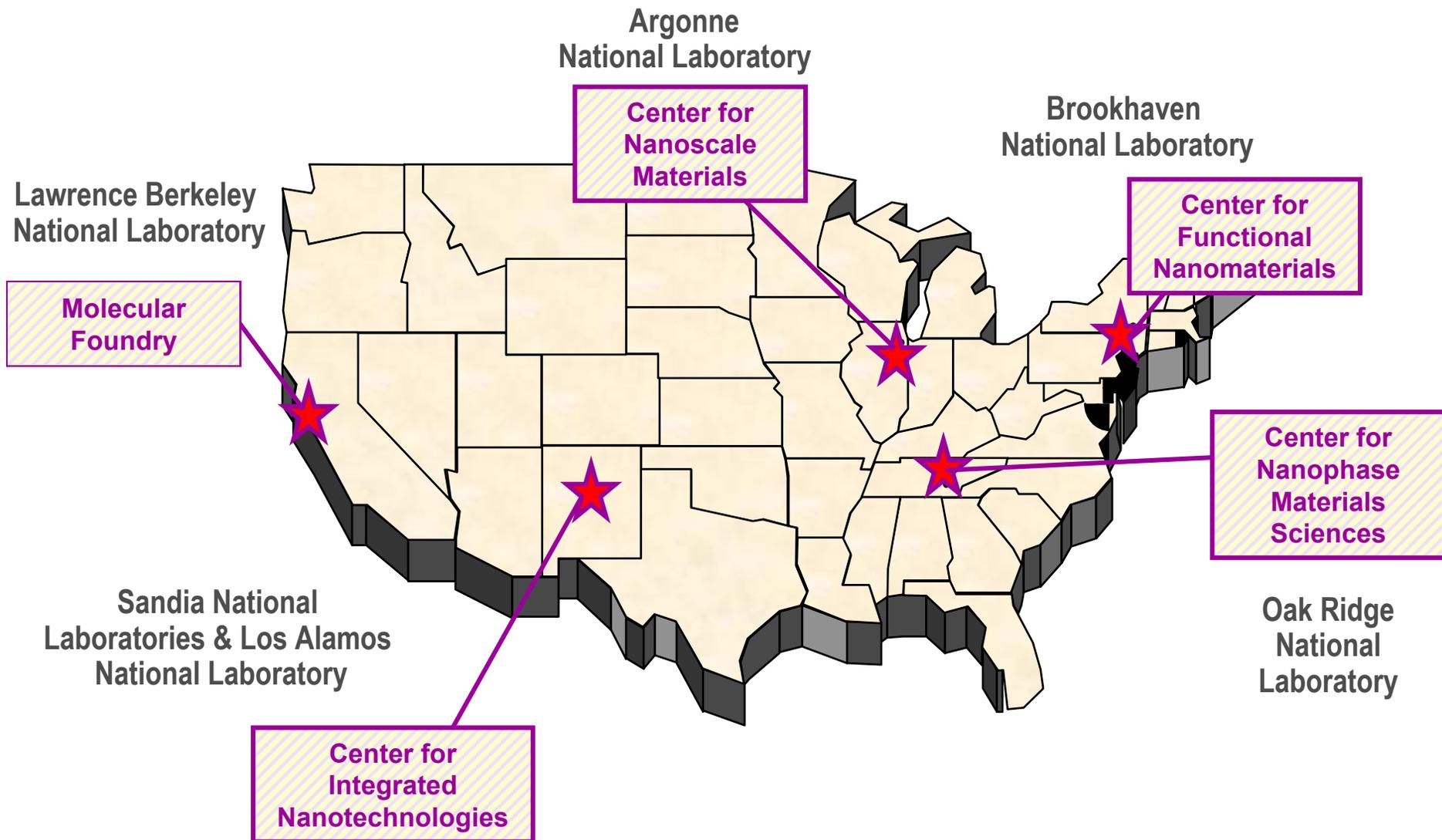


High Tc superconductor



Molecular machines of life

The Five DOE Nanoscale Science Research Centers (NSRCs)



Co-location of NSRCs with leveraged BES Facilities



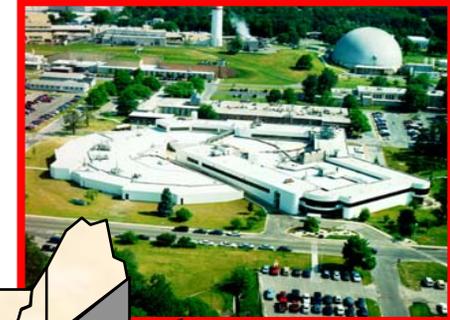
Advanced Light Source



Advanced Photon Source

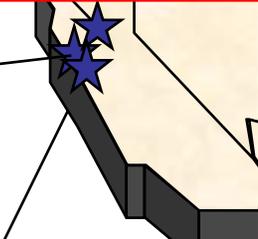


Intense Pulsed Neutron Source



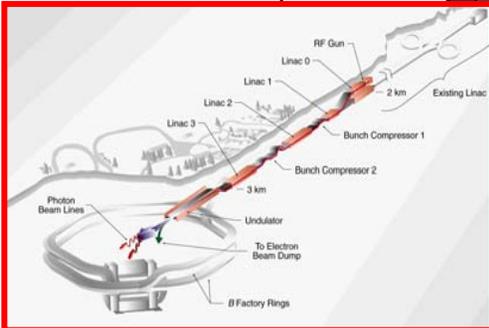
National Synchrotron Light Source

Stanford Synchrotron Radiation Laboratory



Spallation Neutron Source

Linac Coherent Light Source



Manuel Lujan Jr. Neutron Scattering Center



High-Flux Isotope Reactor



Nanoscale Science Research Centers (NSRCs)



- **NSRCs are:**
 - *Research facilities for synthesis, processing, and fabrication of nanoscale materials*
 - *Co-located with existing user facilities (synchrotron radiation light sources, neutron scattering facilities, other specialized facilities) to provide characterization and analysis capabilities*
 - *Operated as user facilities; available to all researchers; access determined by peer review of proposals*
 - *Provide specialized equipment and support staff not readily available to the research community*
 - *Conceived with broad input from university and industry user communities to define equipment scope*

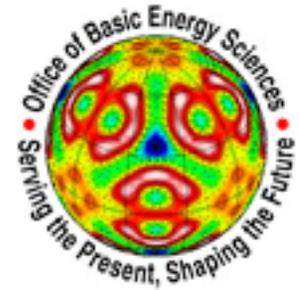
- **Each NSRC has unique attributes, which complement those of other centers, and several research focus areas chosen for scientific impact and mission relevance. The five Centers utilize the DOE scientific user facilities and provide broad regional coverage.**

- **NSRCs have been extensively reviewed by external peers and by the Basic Energy Sciences Advisory Committee**

DOE Nanoscale Science Research Centers Workshop:

Enabling the Nanoscience Revolution

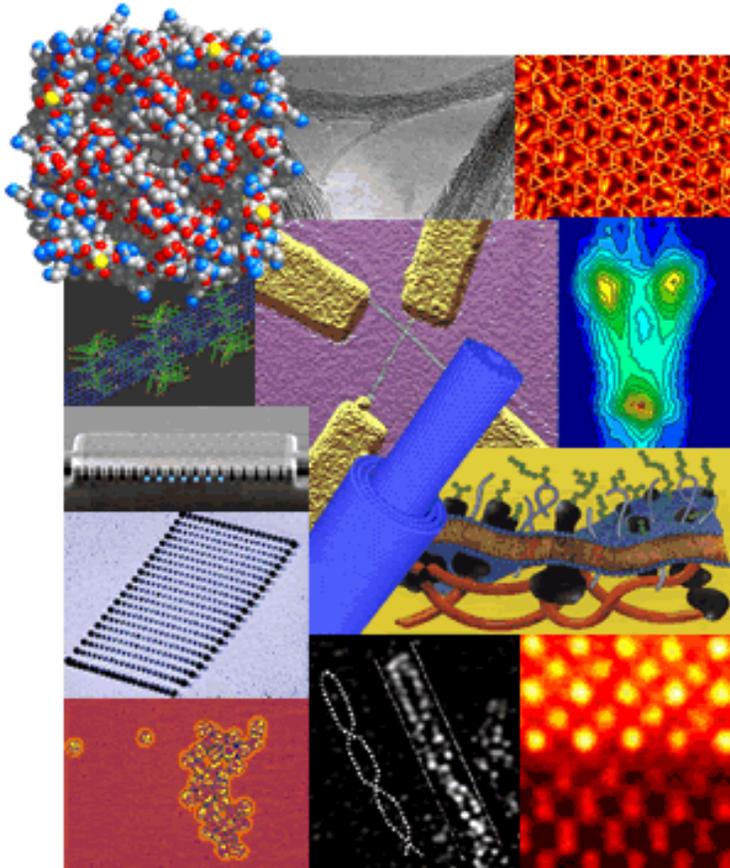
**Renaissance Hotel
Washington, D.C.
February 27-28, 2003**



Presentations by:

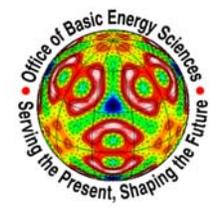
Congresswoman Judy Biggert
Ray Orbach, Director, DOE Office of Science
John Marburger, Director, White House Office of Science and
Technology Policy
George Whitesides, Harvard University
Richard Smalley, Rice University
Gabor Somorjai, University of California at Berkeley and Berkeley Lab
Paul Alivisatos, University of California at Berkeley and Berkeley Lab
All of the DOE Nanoscale Science Research Directors
... and many more ...

**All workshop presentations are downloadable at:
http://www.ornl.gov/doe_nsrc_workshop/**

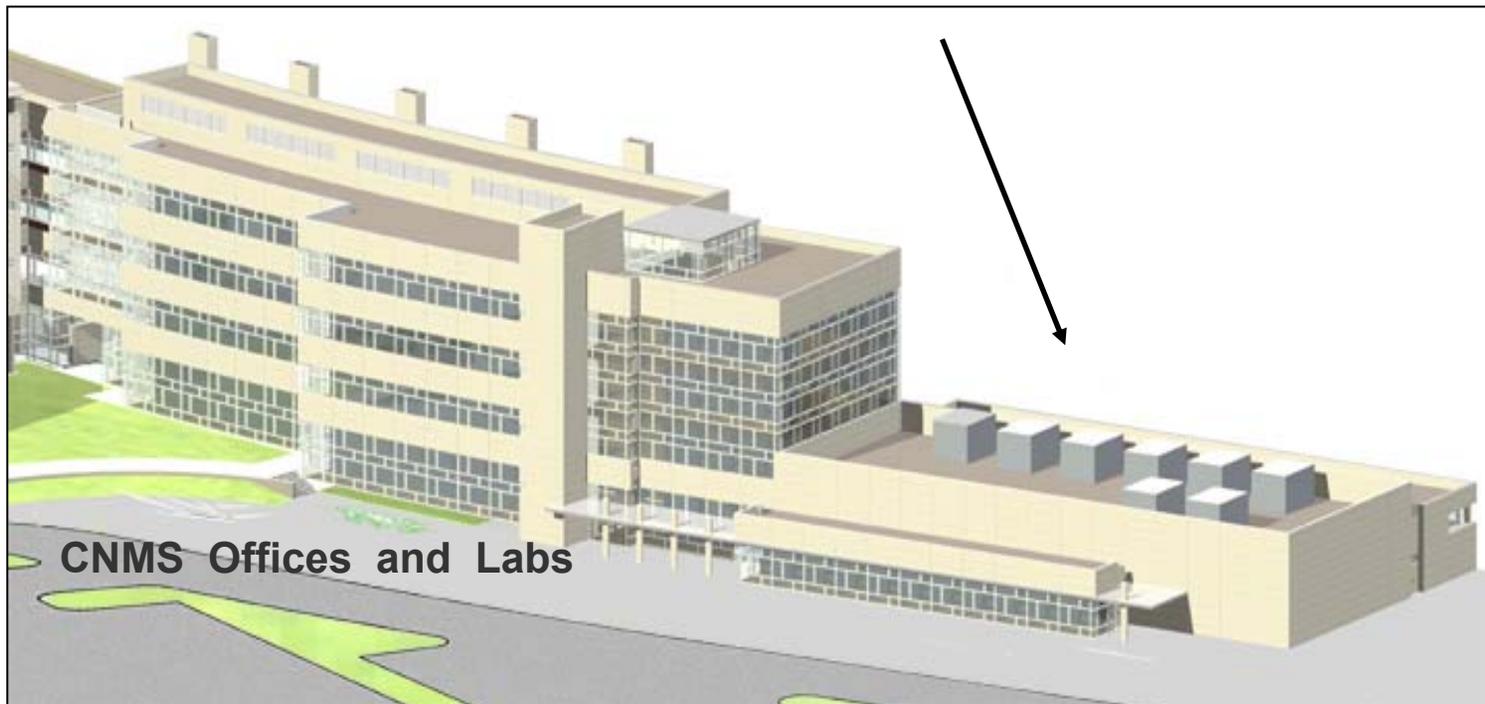




Center For Nanophase Materials Sciences (CNMS) Oak Ridge National Laboratory



Nanofabrication Research Lab



Science Thrusts

- Neutron Science
- Synthesis and integration of soft and hard materials
- Theory / Modeling / Simulation

Unique Facilities

- Spallation Neutron Source
- High Flux Isotope Reactor
- Center for Computational Sciences
- High Temperature Materials Laboratory

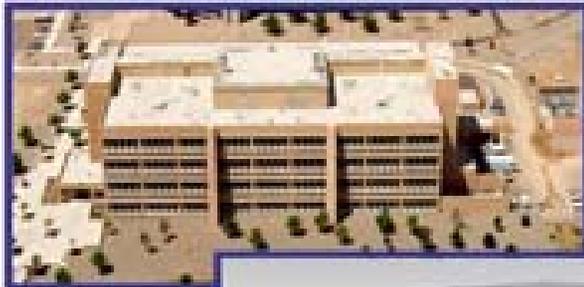
Center For Integrated Nanotechnologies

Sandia National Laboratories/Los Alamos National Laboratory



Science Thrusts

- Nanoelectronics/nanophotonics
- Nano/Bio/Micro Interfaces
- Complex Functional Nanomaterials
- Nanomechanics
- Theory and Simulation



Unique Facilities

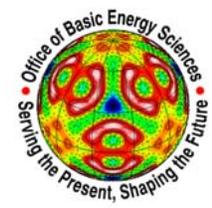
- Compound Semiconductor Research Lab
- Microelectronics Development Lab
- Combustion Research Facility
- Los Alamos Neutron Science Center
- National High Magnetic Field Laboratory
- High-Performance Computing

Center for Integrated Nanotechnologies
at Sandia National Laboratories and
Los Alamos National Laboratory



Center For Functional Nanomaterials

Brookhaven National Laboratory



Unique Facilities

- National Synchrotron Light Source
- Transmission Electron Microscopy
- Laser Electron Accelerator Facility

Scientific Thrust Areas

- Strongly Correlated Oxides
- Magnetic Nanoassemblies
- Nanocatalyst Materials
- Charge Injection and Transport
- Nanostructured Organic Films
- Applications of Nanoscience

Workshops

- Major BNL Workshop-March 2002
- Other workshops
 - ✓ Workshop on Applications of Synchrotron Radiation in Nanoscience and Technology, May 23, 2001
 - ✓ “Charge Transfer on the Nanoscale,” Chemical Sciences sponsored workshop, January 2002
 - ✓ EPENS, “International Workshop on Electron-Phonon Effect in Nanosystems, September 23-25, 2002
 - ✓ CESP Nanomagnetic Materials Workshop, October 21-22, 2002
 - ✓ Nanotechnology Business Roadmap, October 15, 2002
 - ✓ Nanoscience Writers Roundtable, October 30, 2002
 - ✓ LI Business Alliance Workshop, December 2002

Center for Nanoscale Materials (CNM)

Argonne National Laboratory

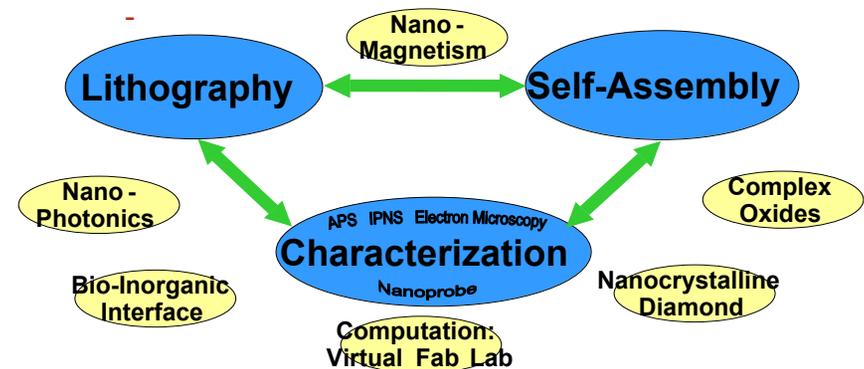


- CNM building is funded by the State of Illinois
- CNM instrument suite is funded by DOE

Unique Facilities

- Advanced Photon Source
- Intense Pulsed Neutron Source
- Electron Microscopy Center for Materials Research

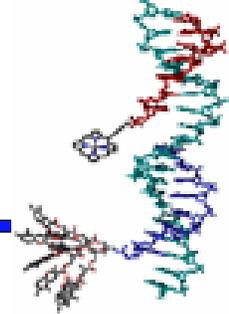
Scientific Thrust Areas





The Molecular Foundry

Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory



Unique Facilities at Berkeley Lab

- Advanced Light Source
- National Center for Electron Microscopy
- National Energy Research Scientific Computing Center
- Nanowriter

Thrust Areas

- Inorganic Nanostructures
- Nanofabrication
- Organic, Polymer/Biopolymer Synthesis
- Biological Nanostructures
- Imaging and Manipulation
- Theory

Proposed Construction Start Dates

Oak Ridge 2003



Berkeley 2003



Brookhaven 2005



**Argonne
2003**



Center for Integrated Nanotechnologies
at Sandia National Laboratories and
Los Alamos National Laboratory



**Los Alamos – Sandia
2003**

Jump Start Ramp-Up Capabilities

Nanoscale Imaging and Manipulation

Nanofabrication Research Laboratory

- Ramp-up capabilities

Photolithography / e-beam lithography

Analytical SEM / EDX

Scanning probe microscopy

Materials deposition / etching / polish-ing / inspection / characterization

Probe station / wire bonder / electrical test facilities

- Ramp-up capabilities

High-resolution SEM / TEM / STEM imaging via SHaRE/HTML user programs

Nanomachining using existing FIB Holography for 3D imaging and visualization (existing TEM)

AFM and other scanning probe microscopies

- Representative research

Develop user-friendly but truly novel imaging and manipulation tools:

Simultaneous SPM / SEM for materials manipulation while imaging

Holographic 3D metrology of nanoscale structures & fields

Joint ion / e-beam / imaging tools for cutting / shaping / joining / coating

CFN (BNL)



Materials Synthesis

Wet Chem, MBE, PLD, e-beam dep.

Nanopatterning

JEOL 9300 FS: e-beam patterning,

Resist process & develop.

Deep Reactive Ion Etch, Ion Beam Patterning

Ultrafast Optical Sources

SFG, DFG, XUV/SXR THz Microscopy,

Laser-Electron Accelerator Facility (LEAF)

Electron Microscopy

High Res. TEM, Scanning Auger, SEM,

Electron Holography, STEM, EELS

Proximal Probes

UHV-SPM, NSOM, IR microscope,

Env. SPM, LEEM, SPLEEM

Theory & Computation

LAPW, Plane Wave Pseudo Potl., Quantum

Chem.,

QMC, MD, and SMP computing



CINT (SNL/LANL)

CINT Gateway to Los Alamos Nanomaterials/Biosciences

Biosciences

- Cell Culture, Genetic Engineering
- Phage Display, Molecular Biology
- Imaging & characterization

Nanomaterials

- MRFM, fast NSOM&STM, TEM
- LANSCE, HMFL

Theory & Computing

Visitor Space

CINT Gateway to Sandia Nanomaterials/Microfabrication

Microfabrication

- CMOS, MEMS, NEMS
- MOCVD

Nanomaterials

- AT-STM, IFM, NSOM
- LEEM, TEM
- Nanocluster synthesis

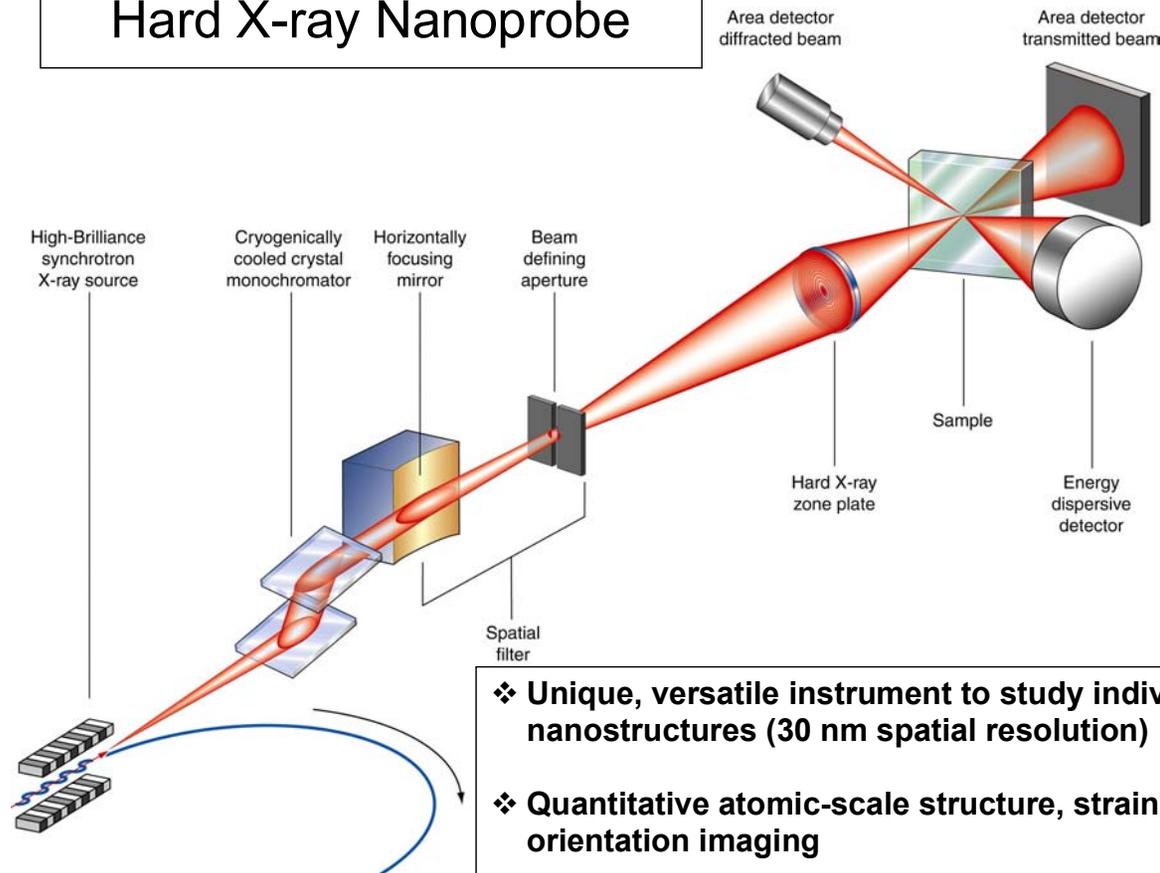
Theory & Computing

Visitor Space

Hard X-ray Nanoprobe beamline CNM (ANL)



Hard X-ray Nanoprobe



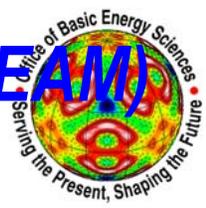
- ❖ Unique, versatile instrument to study individual nanostructures (30 nm spatial resolution)
- ❖ Quantitative atomic-scale structure, strain, and orientation imaging
- ❖ Sensitive trace element and chemical state analysis
- ❖ Ability to penetrate overlayers, environments, and fields

Many APS beamlines are already available for nanoscience research.

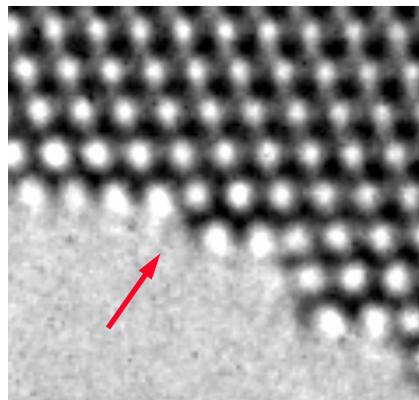
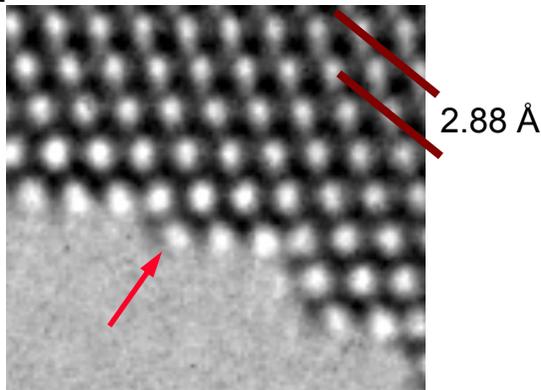
Foundry (LBNL) “Nanocampus” Concept



The Transmission Electron Achromatic Microscope (TEAM) (LBNL)



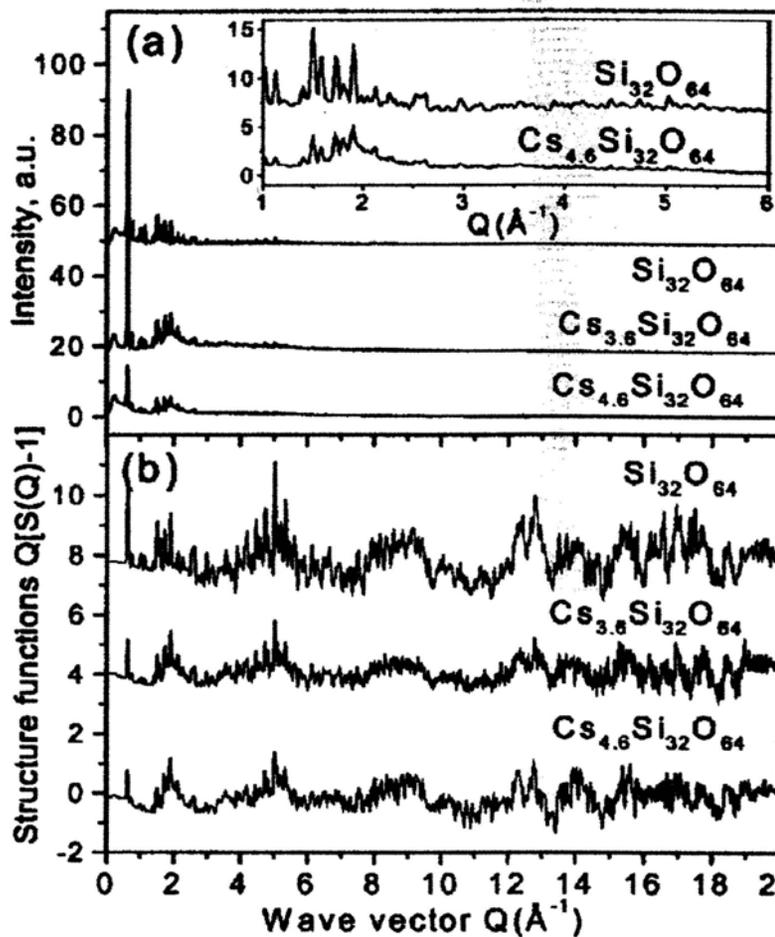
GOAL: Design and develop a new generation of intermediate-voltage (200-300 kV) electron microscopes in which the two major lens deficiencies that limit performance – spherical and chromatic aberration – are compensated.



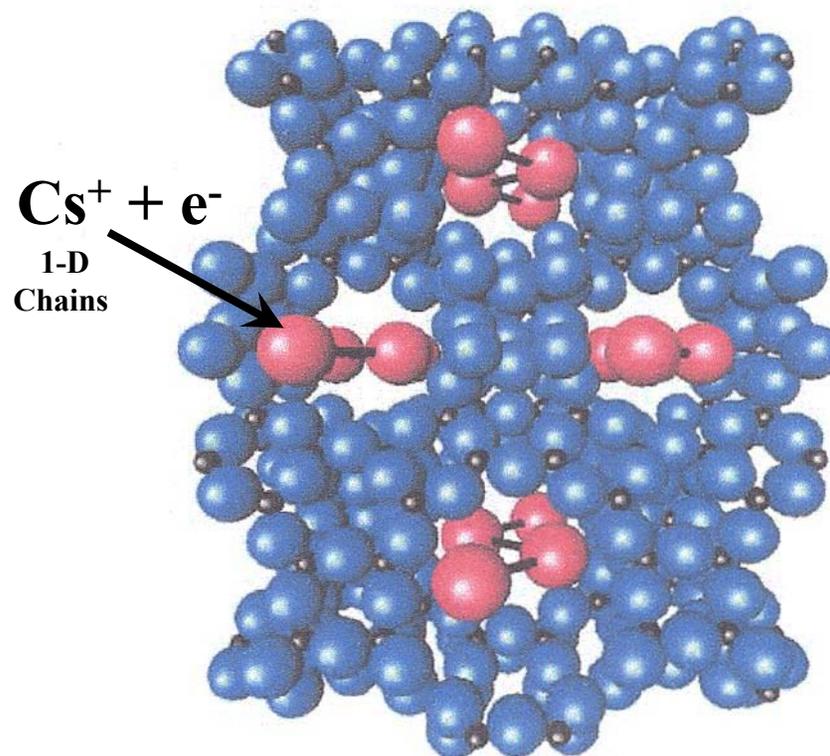
Time sequence of high-resolution images taken by NCEM scientist at the only existing spherical aberration-corrected microscope (Jülich, Germany) showing removal of a single atomic column at a gold surface.

- When optimized for resolution, the correction of aberrations should allow recovery of direct spatial resolution in the range of 50 pm.
- Alternatively, improvements in the electron optics would ease tight constraints on sample space surrounding the specimen due to the lenses. The resulting larger chamber could accommodate improved spectrometers or in-situ modules for dynamic imaging of reactions, deposition, deformation, and response to electric and magnetic fields.
- Custom aberration-corrected instruments are planned based on a common, standardized core platform. Individual instruments will be configured to meet distinct scientific goals – atomic resolution tomography, single column microanalysis, or in-situ manipulation.

Electrons Confined in Nanoporous Hosts

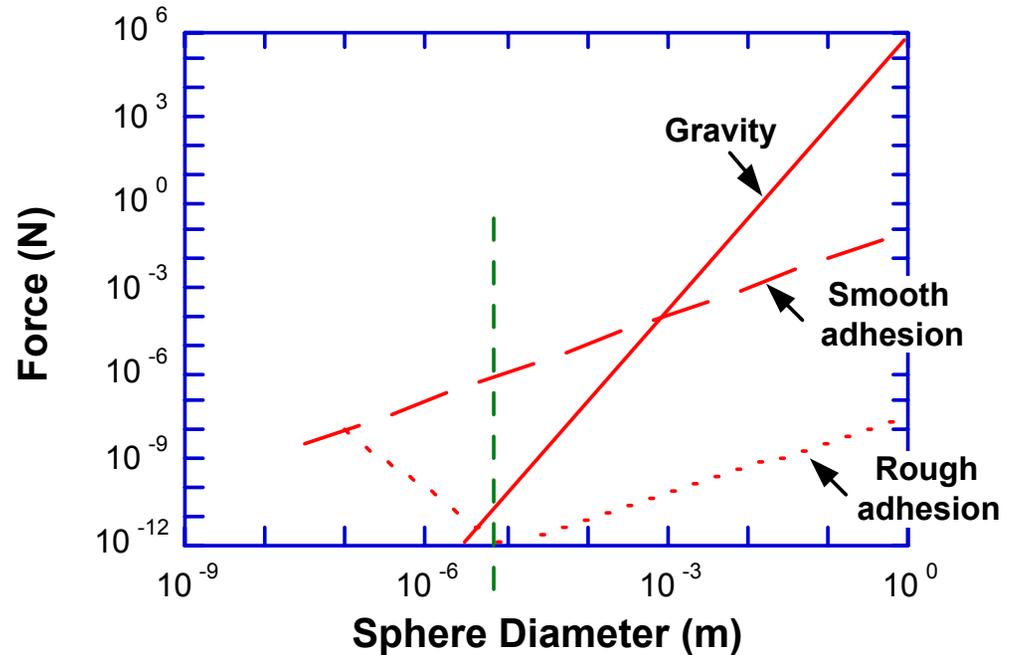
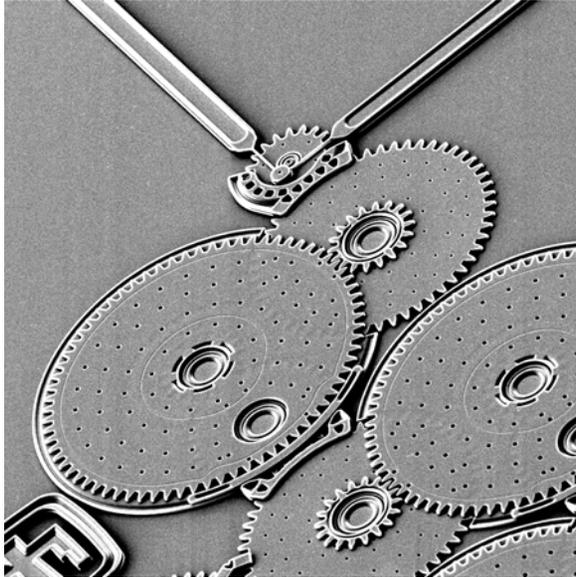


SiO_2 no charge-balancing required



V. Petkov, S.J.L. Billinge, T. Vogt, A.S. Ichimura, J.L. Dye,
PRL 89, 075502 (2002)

Surfaces and interfaces control MEMS performance



Conventional mechanical design rules do not apply for such high surface to volume structures.

JOIN US!

http://www.sc.doe.gov/bes/NSET_NSRC_brochure_FEB03.pdf

Contact Information for DOE's Nanoscale Science Research Centers

Center for Functional Nanomaterials, Brookhaven National Laboratory • www.bnl.gov/CFN/

Center for Integrated Nanotechnology, Sandia National Laboratories and Los Alamos National Laboratory • cint.sandia.gov • www.cint.lanl.gov

Center for Nanophase Materials Sciences, Oak Ridge National Laboratory • www.cnms.ornl.gov

Center for Nanoscale Materials, Argonne National Laboratory • www.nano.anl.gov

Molecular Foundry, Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory • www.foundry.lbl.gov